Nether Alderley Neighbourhood Development Plan

Strategic Environmental Assessment Screening Report



Nether Alderley Parish Council Neighbourhood Development Plan SEA Screening Report

Prepared by Cheshire East Council, February 2023

Abbreviations			
SEA	Strategic Environmental Assessment		
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment		
CEC	Cheshire East Council		
CELPS	Cheshire East Local Plan Strategy (2017)		
SADPD	Site Allocations and Development Policies Document (2022)		
NDP	Neighbourhood Development Plan		
NA	Neighbourhood Area		
NANDP	Nether Alderley Neighbourhood Development Plan		
NANA	Nether Alderley Neighbourhood Area		
OSRA	Other Settlements and Rural Areas		

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1. Introduction

1.1. The SEA is a way of ensuring the environmental implications of decisions are considered before any such decisions are made. The need for environmental assessment of plans and programmes is set out in the EU Directive 2001/42/EC – known as the SEA Directive. Under this Directive, Neighbourhood Plans may require SEA – but this will depend on the content of each Neighbourhood Plan. The SEA Directive makes SEA a mandatory requirement for:

Plans which are prepared for town and country planning or land use and which set the framework for future development consent of projects listed in the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Directive; or Plans which have been determined to require an assessment under the Habitats Directive.

- 1.2. A screening of a draft plan must be undertaken by the responsible authority prior to adoption or submission to the legislative procedure. In this case the 'responsible authority' is Nether Alderley Parish Council however Cheshire East Council, upon request, has agreed to provide a screening opinion on the NANDP to determine if an SEA is required. If it is concluded that an SEA is required, Nether Alderley Parish Council are responsible for its production, and it must form part of the material that is consulted on once the formal consultation stage is reached.
- 1.3. The main determining factor as to whether an SEA is required on an NDP is if it is likely to have a significant effect on the environment. Those NDPs containing land allocations for development, which are not included in the local authority's plan, are likely to require an SEA. NDPs which do not contain such allocations (or simply reflect allocations already identified as part of a local authority plan) are less likely to require an SEA.
- 1.4. If an SEA is required, Nether Alderley Parish Council may wish to consider voluntarily expanding the scope so that it covers wider economic and social issues. This is the approach taken by Cheshire East Council, whereby an SEA is included within the broader Sustainability Appraisal of plans. The advantage of undertaking a Sustainability Appraisal is that it can demonstrate the impact of the NDP on social, economic, and environmental factors and therefore demonstrate to an examiner that the Plan that has been prepared is the most sustainable given all alternatives.

Requirement for an SEA

- 1.5. Where an NDP could have significant environmental effects, it may require an SEA.
- 1.6. Whether an NDP requires an SEA and (if so), the level of detail needed, will depend on what is proposed in the draft NDP. An SEA may be required for example when:
 - 1. An NDP allocates sites for development.
 - 2. The NA contains sensitive natural or heritage assets that may be affected by proposals in the plan.
 - 3. The NDP may have significant environmental effects that have not already been considered and dealt with via a sustainability appraisal of the Local Plan.

Requirement for a HRA

1.7. In the context of neighbourhood planning, a Habitats Regulation Assessment (HRA) is required where an NDP is deemed likely to give rise to significant effects on

protected European Sites (Natura 2000 sites), as a result of the plan's implementation. If no significant effect is deemed likely, a HRA is not required. Where a HRA is undertaken, it is good practice to identify sites with within 10-15km of the plan/project boundary and include them in a HRA.

Legislative Background

- 1.8. The basis for a Strategic Environmental Assessments and Sustainability Appraisal is the European Directive 2001/42/EC which has subsequently been transposed into English law by the Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004, or SEA Regulations. The government has produced guidance in relation to these regulations, entitled Environmental Assessment Directive.
- 1.9. Schedule 2 of the Neighbourhood Planning (General) Regulations 2012 makes provision in relation to the Habitats Directive. The Directive requires that any plan or project likely to have a significant effect on a European site must be subject to an Appropriate Assessment. To achieve this, paragraph 1 prescribes a basic condition that the making of a neighbourhood plan is not likely to have a significant effect on a European Site. Paragraphs 2 to 5 of the Schedule amend the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2010 so as to apply its provisions to neighbourhood development orders and neighbourhood plans. In particular, paragraph 4 inserts new regulation 78A which provides that a neighbourhood development order may not grant planning permission for development which is likely to have a significant effect on a European site.
- 1.10. Schedule 3 of the Neighbourhood Planning (General) Regulations 2012 makes provision in relation to the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Directive. The Directive requires that EIA development must be subject to a development consent process. To enable this, Schedule 3 prescribes a basic condition that applies where development which is the subject of a proposal for a neighbourhood development order is of a type caught by the EIA Directive, and applies to the relevant provisions of the Town and Country Planning (Environmental Impact Assessment) Regulations 2011(3) ("the EIA Regulations") with appropriate modifications (regulation 33 and paragraphs 1 to 4 and 6 of Schedule 3). Paragraphs 5 and 7 to 13 of Schedule 3 correct errors in the EIA regulations.
- 1.11. This report seeks to determine if the NANDP is likely to have a significant effect on the environment.

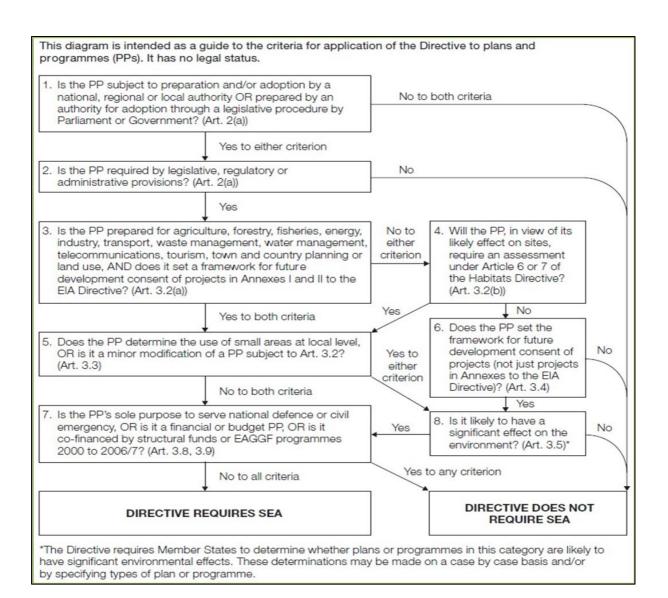
The Cheshire East Local Plan Strategy

- 1.12. The basic conditions require an NDP to be in general conformity with the strategic policies contained in the development plan for the area of the authority.
- 1.13. The CELPS was adopted on the 27th of July 2017 and sets the strategic approach to development across the Borough.
- 1.14. The CELPS was subject to a full Sustainability Appraisal which included an SEA. This ensured that no likely significant effects are expected to arise from the implementation of the CELPS or the delivery of the quantum of development identified in it.
- 1.15. The SADPD was adopted on the 14th of December 2022 and sets out non-strategic

- and detailed planning policies to guide planning decisions and allocate additional sites for development, where necessary, to assist in meeting the overall development requirements set out in the CELPS. It has been prepared to support the policies and proposals of the CELPS by providing additional policy detail.
- 1.16. The SADPD was subject to a full Sustainability Appraisal which included an SEA. This ensured that no likely significant effects are expected to arise from the implementation of the SADPD or the delivery of the quantum of development identified in it.

Screening Process

- 1.17. Nether Alderley Parish Council has requested an SEA screening report of its NDP. It is the qualifying body's responsibility to undertake an assessment of whether their proposed polices are likely to have 'significant environmental effects' however on request, CEC will undertake such an assessment on behalf of the qualifying body. The Plan does not have to be at a final draft stage to be assessed.
- 1.18. The screening opinion assessment is undertaken in two parts: the first part will assess whether the plan requires an SEA (as per the flow chart which follows); and the second part of the assessment will consider whether the NDP is likely to have a significant effect on the environment, using criteria drawn from SCH Directive and the UK Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004 (see section 5).
- 1.19. The three statutory consultation bodies (English Heritage, Environment Agency, and Natural England) have been consulted to establish whether the Parish name Neighbourhood Plan requires SEA and whether the plan may have a 'significant environmental effect' on the environment. Should it be concluded that an SEA is required, Nether Alderley Parish Council will need to undertake an SEA with an SEA screening report exercise as the first stage.
- 1.20. The government guidance 'A practical guide to the Strategic Environmental Assessment Directive' sets out the following approach to be taken in determining whether SEA is required:



Summary of the Screening Report

Summary of the NDP	
Name	Nether Alderley Parish Council NDP
Geographic coverage	Nether Alderley Parish
Key themes/scope of the NDP	Heritage and Design
	Local Environment
	Sustainability and Futureproofing
	Services and Infrastructure
	Community Cohesion
	Community Safety
	Housing
	Local Economy
Key issues of the NDP	Rural Parish
	Regulation 14 draft plan with scope for amendment
	prior to submission
	Green Belt
Summary of the Screening Repo	rt
Name and job title of the officer	Tom Evans, Neighbourhood Planning Manager
undertaking the screening report	Tom Evans, Neighbourhood Flamming Manager
Date of report	09/02/2023
Conclusion of the report	An SEA is not required
Reason for conclusion	The NDP does not propose to allocate specific sites for
	future development and promotes criteria-based policies
	that seek to shape future development proposals, on a
	small-scale basis, that reduce and manage impact on
	the environment (both natural and built).
	European designated site within the NANA:
	There are no European designated sites located within
	the neighbourhood area, although designated sites are located within a 15km proximity to the neighbourhood
	area (Appendix B).
	area (Appendix B).
	Designated sites within the NANA:
	There are Sites of Biological Importance, areas of
	Ancient Woodland and SSSIs within and immediately
	adjacent to the NANA. (Appendix C).
	Designated heritage assets within the NANA:
	The total amount of Listed Buildings within the
	neighbourhood area are listed below (Appendix D).
	1 Grade I Listed Buildings
	51 Grade II Listed Buildings
	4 Grade II* Listed Buildings
	3 Locally Listed Buildings Delisted Buildings
	1 Delisted Buildings Cabadulad Manuscrapts
	6 Scheduled Monuments
	1 Conservation Area
	Flood Rick zones within the NANA
	Flood Risk zones within the NANA: The Flood Risk Zones present within the NA, as well as
	The Flood Mak Zones present within the MA, as well as

their location, are listed below (Appendix E).

- Flood Risk Zones 2 and 3
 - o Southern NA boundary
 - o Centre-west of the NA
 - Western NA boundary

Effect on the environment:

The NANDP does not introduce new policy that enables a significant effect on the environment to be implemented. As a lower tier plan all development proposals will be subject to assessment against the NDP and higher tier policies, plans and legislation that seek to protect locally, nationally and internationally designated sites. The CELPS sets the strategic development framework for Nether Alderley, including broad levels of growth appropriate to rural areas, and has been tested through integrated SEA to ensure the effect of this growth is acceptable in environmental terms. The NANDP does not propose additional growth at a significant scale beyond that already accepted in the CELPS, nor does it include specific proposals of a scale or intent large enough or with an impact significant enough, that would lead to additional significant effects on the environment or designated sites. The policies in the NDP are criteria based and seek to safeguard existing assets and the plan does not introduce policies which would significantly change the status of land beyond the planning framework in place, therefore SEA is not required.

Summary of Responses from Statutory Consultees				
English Heritage Response received				
Environment Agency No response received				
Natural England Response received				

2. Plan Context

- 2.1. Nether Alderley is a rural parish and for the purposes of the CELPS Settlement Hierarchy, falls within the category of 'OSRA'. Policies PG1 and PG2 of the CELPS set out the preferred development strategy and distribution of development for the Borough. The distribution of future development in the Borough is intended to be focused on the Principal Towns of Crewe and Macclesfield and the nine Key Service Centres.
- 2.2. The parish area is covered by Policy PG 3 Green Belt which generally restricts development in the countryside but does also identify development which would be considered acceptable.
- 2.3. The CELPS outlines that a small quantum of growth to meet need and support the vitality of Other Settlements and Rural Areas (OSRA) will be supported and identifies a need to deliver some 2950 homes and 8ha of employment land (outside of a 61ha allocation at Wardle) in OSRAs.
- 2.4. The NANA contains important natural habitats and waterbodies, hosts some larger scale residential development and some employment areas, and is located adjoining the parishes of Chelford, Marthall, Little Warford, Great Warford, Chorley, Alderley Edge, Over Alderley, Henbury and Siddington.
- 2.5. The NANDP does not allocate specific sites for development and instead identifies a series of criteria-based policies against which development proposals should be assessed within the NA. Such criteria are designed to ensure the delivery of sustainable development to meet the objectives of the NANDP.
- 2.6. Planning applications within the NANA will be assessed against the policies in the NANDP, the CELPS, the SADPD, and any other material planning considerations.
- 2.7. As specific development sites have not been identified in the NANDP or in the CELPS or SADPD in this location, no assessment of potential development sites has been undertaken as part of the NANDP process.

Vision of the Plan

2.8. The NANDP document sets out a vision for the parish and what the NDP should deliver.

Nether Alderley will be a welcoming and distinct semi-rural community that enjoys an attractive countryside setting, but with excellent links to nearby settlements. The character of Nether Alderley will be maintained and enhanced through preserving the parish's historic environment and attracting the best of the new to ensure that it is an attractive place to live, work, and visit

Objectives of the Plan

- 2.9. To deliver their vision, the NANDP has set out the objectives on the following subjects:
 - To ensure that heritage assets and their setting protected and enhanced; and

- To ensure that all new development is sustainable, and is to a high standard of design which is reflective of the local context and character.
- To protect and enhance the natural assets of the parish, preserve valued local environmental assets, and uphold the parish's rural character.
- To ensure developments are delivered in accordance with local sustainable development principles, and deliver and utilise new infrastructure and technologies.
- To maintain and improve local services and facilities across the parish; and
- To ensure that resources secured through planning agreements associated with local developments can make appropriate improvements to services and infrastructure throughout the parish.
- To ensure that the new Alderley Park becomes properly integrated with the wider parish. Through this integration the Parish overall will benefit from having Alderley Park at its heart with the facilities and services it provides.
- To ensure that new developments and local infrastructure works have community safety at the forefront of their implementation and delivery.
- To accommodate new housing development appropriate to the parish's rural setting, to satisfy strategic growth requirements, address identified local housing needs, and deliver locally needed infrastructure in parallel.
- To sustain and enhance a range of employment opportunities across the parish, and enabling growth by supporting existing businesses and encouraging sustainable new enterprises that help to diversify the local economy, without having adverse environmental impacts.

Policies of the Plan

- 2.10. The NANDP contains several policies that will be used to ensure the delivery of the vision and objectives and guide individual development management decisions. An assessment of these policies impact on European sites has been carried out and concludes that no likely adverse impact will arise. The full assessment and table of policies is included at Table 3 below.
- 2.11. The following sections assess whether the plan requires an SEA due to its content and whether it is likely to give rise to a significant effect on designated sites or the environment.

Designated Sites within the NA

2.12. There are no European Designated Sites within the NA or within 15km. The nearest designated site is a Designated Special Area of Conservation (Peak District).

3. Screening Assessment

3.1. <u>Assessment 1: Does the NDP require an SEA?</u>

Stage	Y/N	Reason
1. Is the Neighbourhood Plan (NP) subject to preparation and/or adoption by a national, regional or local authority, OR prepared by an authority for adoption through a legislative procedure by Parliament or Government? (Art. 2(a))	Y	The preparation and adoption of the NDP is allowed under the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 as amended by the Localism Act 2011. The NDP will be prepared by (as the 'relevant body') and will be 'made' by CEC as the local authority. The preparation of NDPs is subject to the following regulations: The Neighbourhood Planning (General) Regulations 2012 and The Neighbourhood Planning (referendums) Regulations 2012. GO TO STAGE 2
2. Is the NP required by legislative, regulatory or administrative provisions? (Art. 2(a))	Y	Whilst the NDP is not a requirement and is optional under the provisions of the Town and Country Planning Act as amended by the Localism Act 2011, it will if 'made', form part of the Development Plan for the Borough. It is therefore important that the screening process considers whether it is likely to have significant environmental effects and hence whether an SEA is required under the Directive. GO TO STAGE 3
3. Is the NP prepared for agriculture, forestry, fisheries, energy, industry, transport, waste management, telecommunications, tourism, town and country planning or land use, AND does it set a framework for future development consent of projects in Annexes I and II to the EIA Directive? (Art. 3.2(a)) 4. Will the NP, in view of its likely effect on sites, require an assessment for future development under	Y	The NDP is being prepared for town and country planning, local transport, and land use as it makes proposals to manage the development of land for housing and employment uses. As such, the NDP contains a framework for future development consent of urban development projects (listed as 10(b) in Annex II of the EIA Directive). The NDP does not specifically allocate any land for development purposes. GO TO STAGE 5 No, the policies in the NDP are criteria-based and unlikely to directly affect designated sites.
Article 6 or 7 of the Habitats Directive? (Art. 3.2(b)) 5. Does the NP determine the use of small areas at local level OR is it a minor modification of a plan or programme subject to Art. 3.2? (Art. 3.3)	Y	The NDP intends to support local development for residential and employment/commercial use through criteria-based policies. There is therefore the potential for an effect on the environment resulting from policies in the plan.

6. Does the NP set the framework for future	Υ	However, policies are criteria-based and do not instigate changes to land use directly. Additionally, The NDP sits within the wider framework of the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF), the adopted CELPS (2017) and the SADPD (2022), therefore the NDP will help to set the framework for projects that are localised in nature and are likely to have limited resource implications. GO TO STAGE 8 Yes, the NDP contributes to establishing a local policy framework within which
development consent of projects (not just projects in annexes to the EIA Directive)? (Art. 3.4)	ı	planning consent will be considered for a wide range of development proposals. Whilst the NDP may establish very local criteria to enable development within criteria-based parameters, higher tier policies, plans and legislation exist to ensure that the NDP is used within a framework with sufficient protection for environmental considerations.
7. Is the NP's sole purpose to serve the national defence or civil emergency, OR is it a financial or budget plan or programme, OR is it co- financed by structural funds or EAGGF programmes 2000 to 2006/7? (Art. 3.8, 3.9)	N	The NDP does not fall into any of the criteria listed.
8. Is it likely to have a significant effect on the environment? (Art 3.5)	N	See Assessment 2: Likely significant effects on the environment

Assessment 1 Conclusion

- 3.2. Based on criterion 1, 2, 3, 5 and 6 above, it is necessary to assess whether the NDP is likely to have a significant effect on the environment. This assessment is undertaken through Assessment 2 below.
- 3.3. Assessment 2: Is the NDP likely to have a Significant Effect on the Environment?
- 3.4. The EIA Regulations include thresholds under which development proposals are not required to be screened to determine whether an EIA should be required. These are:
- The development includes more than 1hectare of urban development which is not dwelling house development
- The development includes more than 150 dwellings
- The overall area of the development exceeds 5 hectares.

- 3.5. Under these thresholds there is no obligation to screen urban development projects for an EIA.
- 3.6. The NDP does not include more than 1 hectare of non-residential development; it does not allocate sites for more than 150 dwellings and the overall area of the development does not exceed 5 hectares.
- 3.7. The NANDP does not exceed any of the thresholds identified in the EIA regulations. It is therefore reasonable to suggest that the effects of the plan on the environment, in general, cannot be significant. However, there may be specific features or special characteristics in this location upon which the plan may have a significant effect. It is therefore important to understand if there is any specific reason the plan could be considered to give rise to a significant effect on the environment. Using Schedule 1 of the SEA regulations, the following assessment has been undertaken to determine if there is any other reason why the NANDP may give rise to a significant effect on the environment.

Issue	Effect	Reason
Biodiversity	No significant effect	Whilst there are significant local assets, the policy framework provided by the neighbourhood plan, alongside existing policy held in the CELPS, and the wider Development Plan provides sufficient protection. No proposed polices are likely to give rise to a substantially negative impact on biodiversity and natural assets.
Population	No significant effect	Nether Alderley Parish has a population of 665 people (2011 Census). Most people are aged between 45 and 64 (38%) which may lead to a demand in the future for accommodation more suitable for an elderly population. Outside of committed sites there is no allocated land for residential development that may accommodate future housing need locally within the neighbourhood area. The policies in the neighbourhood plan anticipate this to some degree in policy H1 and are unlikely to exert a significant impact on population/demographic change but do seek to ensure an appropriate mix of housing is secured where it does come forward.
Human health	No significant effect	Housing is a key detriment of human health. On a limited basis, the plan seeks to provide housing suitable for the local population which would result in a positive effect on human health and enable older residents to downsize within their community, and first-time buyers and families to access suitable housing contributing to wellbeing. The Index of Multiple Deprivation shows Nether Alderley Parish to be generally affluent (within 40% of least deprived neighbourhoods). The Joint Strategic Needs assessment for Nether Alderley Parish Ward (Chelford) shows the population here is generally in good health with notable exceptions to health equality being, new cases of lung and all new cancers cases being in low quintiles. The JNSA shows the over 65 population is high. The neighbourhood plan introduces positive criteria based polices to assist in delivering the type of development that

		will contribute to addressing some of these issues. However, the policies included are
		unlikely to have a significant effect beyond the local area.
Fauna	No significant effect	Designated sites are subject to existing protection via other policies. The neighbourhood plan seeks to protect existing assets and does not introduce policies that are likely to harm local fauna.
Flora	No significant effect	Designated sites are subject to existing protection via other policies. The neighbourhood plan seeks to protect existing assets and does not introduce policies that are likely to harm local flora.
Soil	No significant effect	Agricultural land classification grade 2 are present within the neighbourhood area. No development is proposed in the neighbourhood plan that would give rise to agricultural land.
Water	No significant effect	Flood zones two and three are present towards the southern edge and at the western edge the neighbourhood area. The polices proposed are unlikely to exert a significant impact on the existing approach to development in areas of flooding, and flooding issues are addressed by policies in the wider development plan/other legislation.
Air	No significant effect	There are no air quality management areas within the neighbourhood area. The policies contained in the plan are unlikely to significantly impact this issue.
Material assets	No significant effect	There are two areas of historic landfill within the neighbourhood area. The policies in the plan do not address such issues and are therefore unlikely to result in a significant effect on the environment. No other material assets are present.
Landscape	No significant effect	There are ancient woodlands area, sites of biological importance and SSSIs within the neighbourhood area. NANDP emerging policies seek to ensure that new development does not harm locally valued landscapes and the rural setting.
Cultural heritage, including architectural and archaeological heritage	No significant effect	There are multiple heritage assets in Nether Alderley Parish, some of which, particularly the settings, may be directly affected by new development across the Plan period. Nevertheless, policies exist in the NDP which seek to protect heritage assets, alongside similar policies in the Development Plan and therefore the policies overall are unlikely to enable the delivery of new development which would not already be possible under the existing local framework. As such the NDP policies are unlikely to have a significant effect on heritage assets directly or on the approach taken to heritage assets in the development planning process.

Characteristics of the NDP, regarding:	Cheshire East Council Assessment	Likely Significant Effect? (Y/N)
The degree to which the Plan sets a framework for projects and other activities, either with regard to the location, nature, size and operating conditions or by allocating resources.	The NDP would, if made, form part of the statutory Development Plan and as such does contribute to the framework for future development consent of projects. The NDP is expected to determine the use of small areas at a local level. The NDP sits within the wider framework of the National Planning Policy Framework (2012), the CEC Local Plan Strategy (2017) and the SADPD (2022), therefore the projects for which this NDP helps to set a framework are localised in nature but may have resource implications.	N
The degree to which the Plan influences other plans and programmes including those in a hierarchy.	The NDP must be in conformity with the National Planning Policy Framework. The policies within the NP should also be in general conformity with any strategic policies held within the CELPS and detailed development policies of the SADPD. The NANDP can exert a limited degree of influence over the formation of future strategic and non-strategic policies in the Development Plan, since these matters are now fully settled with adoption of the part two plan, the SADPD.	N
The relevance of the Plan for the integration of environmental considerations in particular with a view to promoting sustainable development.	The NP is expected to work to protect and enhance the natural environment of the area within a wider policy framework including, but not limited to the NPPF, the saved policies of the Development Plan for Cheshire East Council and the Cheshire East Local Plan Strategy. The NP addresses a series of local environmental issues. Draft policies have been identified to provide a sustainable level of growth within the parish. In combination with other plans and legislation, it is considered that the NP will integrate environmental considerations and promote sustainable development but may also give rise to an effect on the environment through the identification of a growth location.	N
Environmental problems relevant to the Plan.	There are no environmental problems relevant to the Plan. Where relevant, future development proposals will need to consider the impact of the plan on flood risk, designated	N

	sites and other primary and secondary impacts on the environment.	
The relevance of the Plan for the implementation of Community legislation on the environment (for example, plans and programmes linked to waste management or water protection).	The NP is not directly relevant to the implementation of European legislation, although it will need to take the impact of the Water Framework Directive into account.	N
	Whilst development may take place, which is informed by the NP, the NP does not assist in instigating development directly through allocation of sites. There are therefore likely to be short-term effects resulting from activity associated with the development of small scale, unallocated sites within the NA.	N
The probability, duration, frequency and reversibility of the effects of the Plan.	There may also be longer-term effects relevant to changes in land use which may be positive but on a limited scale may have a negative impact on environmental factors. The plan seeks to establish a local framework to address such issues and also relies on higher tier plans and policies to deliver mitigation of such negative impacts.	N
	Where proposals are received to develop small scale sites in accordance with draft NP policies, such proposals will also be subject to national and local policies in regard to environmental protection and mitigation of impacts.	N
The cumulative nature of the effects of the Plan.	The NDP does not seek to bring forward allocation of small-scale sites that are not specifically detailed in the CELPS or already have planning permission granted. Given the limit levels of growth supported in the plan, such effects are likely to be limited.	N
The trans-boundary nature of the effects of the Plan.	There are not expected to be any significant trans- boundary effects.	N
The risks to human health or the environment (e.g., due to accidents).	There are no significant risks to human health. Indeed, the NDP is likely to improve human health through positive assertions on protection of natural assets and sustainable transport.	N
The magnitude and spatial extent of the	NANDP covers the parish of Nether Alderley Parish. The	N

effects (geographical area and size of the population likely to be affected) by the Plan.	NDP is likely to affect a resident population of approximately 665 people over the life of the Plan across a parish located in a mainly rural area. The population within the parish is expected to growth significantly due to the sites within the NA.	
The value and vulnerability of the area likely to be affected by the Plan due to: Special natural characteristics or cultural heritage; Exceeded environmental quality standards or limit values; or intensive land use	The NA contains a number of important cultural, natural and environmental assets both within and adjacent to the plan area however the limited levels of development supported, and existence of other mitigating policies seek to minimise impact here. The NDP sets out to deliver new development within framework supportive of small-scale development, implemented sensitively to preserve and enhance local natural, environmental and heritage assets. Given that the Borough is generally rural in nature, and Nether Alderley Parish is predominantly a rural parish with a wealth of biodiversity and natural habitats, most proposed development will have an impact on the environment in the wider sense, and in some cases in a specific, locationally based sense that cannot yet be identified or assessed. Higher tier policies exist to offer adequate protection to the existing natural, cultural and environmental assets within and adjacent to the plan area.	N
	The draft NDP does not exceed environmental quality standards or limit values.	N
	Specific sites are identified for development and an assessment has been undertaken to ensure that those sites selected make the best and most efficient use of land – not to intensively use the land for development. Specific policies are included to ensure land is not over developed. Future development proposals will be assessed against other policies within the Development Plan (which, in totality, should mitigate against the over-development of land).	N
The effects of the Plan on areas or landscapes which have recognised national,	There are SSSIs, areas of Ancient Woodland and sites of biological importance located within and immediately	N

community or international protection status.	adjacent to the NA. Policies are included in the NDP that seek to preserve and protect biodiversity and habitats.	
	The NA does not include designated landscapes however introduces policies that address landscapes, and views, that may be locally sensitive to development.	N
	The location of these sites within the NDP area makes their presence relevant however the limited levels of growth and locations of sites do not give rise to a significant impact to the environment.	N

Assessment 2 Conclusion

3.8. The NANDP is unlikely to have a significant effect on the environment and Directive does not require an SEA.

3.5. <u>Determining whether the NDP is likely to have a Significant Effect on Designated Sites</u>

NDP Objective	NDP Policy	Effect on European Designation
Heritage and DesignTo ensure that heritage assets and	HD1: Local Design and Character	1B. No negative effect
their setting protected and enhanced; and • To ensure that all new development is sustainable, and is to a high standard of design which is reflective of the local context and character.	HD2: Local Heritage Assets	1B. No negative effect
Local Environment	LE1: Countryside and the	1B. No negative
• To protect and enhance the natural	Natural Environment	effect
assets of the parish, preserve valued local environmental assets, and uphold the parish's rural character.	LE2: Green and Blue Infrastructure	1B. No negative effect
Sustainability and Future-Proofing • To ensure developments are delivered in accordance with local	SFP1: Sustainable Construction and Energy Production	1A. No negative effect
sustainable development principles, and deliver and utilise new infrastructure and technologies.	SFP2: Communications Infrastructure	1C. No negative effect
Services and Infrastructure To maintain and improve local	SI1: Local Services	1C. No negative effect
services and facilities across the parish; and • To ensure that resources secured through planning agreements associated with local developments can make appropriate improvements to services and infrastructure throughout the parish.	SI2: Community Assets and Infrastructure	1C. No negative effect
Community Cohesion • To ensure that the new Alderley Park	CC1: Alderley Park	1C. No negative effect
becomes properly integrated with the wider parish. • Through this integration the Parish overall will benefit from having Alderley Park at its heart with the facilities and services it provides.	CC2: Nether Alderley Parish Hall	1B. No negative effect
 Community Safety To ensure that new developments and local infrastructure works have community safety at the forefront of their implementation and delivery. 	CS1: Local Footpaths and Walkways	1A. No negative effect
Housing • To accommodate new housing development appropriate to the parish's rural setting, to satisfy strategic growth requirements, address	H1: Housing to Address Local Needs	1C. No negative effect

identified local housing needs, and deliver locally needed infrastructure in parallel.		
Local Economy To sustain and enhance a range of	LE1: Homeworking and Home-based Business	1A. No negative effect
employment opportunities across the parish, and enabling growth by supporting existing businesses and encouraging sustainable new enterprises that help to diversify the local economy, without having adverse environmental impacts.	LE2: Rural Business and Diversification	1A. No negative effect

'Effect' Category	Description
1A. No negative effect	Policy will not lead to development. For example, it relates to design or other qualitative criteria, or it is not a land-use planning policy.
1B. No negative effect	Policy intended to conserve or enhance the nature, built or historic environment, where enhancement measures will not be likely to have any negative effect on a European Site.
1C. No negative effect	Policy would have no effect because no development could occur through the policy itself, the development being implemented through other policies in the same plan, which are more specific and therefore more appropriate to assess for their effects on European Sites and associated sensitive areas.
1D. No negative effect	Policy is similar to, or compliant with, The Cheshire East Local Plan Strategy policy which has been assessed as having no negative effects by a HRA/SA.
2. No significant effect	No significant effect either alone or in combination with other plans or projects, because effects are trivial, minimal or mitigated through other policies in combination.
3. Likely significant effect alone	Policy could indirectly affect a European Site, because it provides for, or steers, a quantity or type of development that may be very close to it, or ecologically, hydrologically or physically connected to it, or it may increase disturbance as a result of increased recreational pressure.
4. Likely significant effects in combination	The policy alone would not be likely to have significant effects but if the effects are combined with the effects of other policies or proposals provided for or coordinated by the relevant plans or projects the cumulative effects would be likely to be significant.

Table 5

4. <u>Screening Assessment Conclusion</u>

- 4.1. The NANDP includes policies that support small scale development at a scale in conformity with the approach taken by the CELPS. It introduces criteria-based policies (that are yet to be finalised) that address local issues, but which do alter the status of land to a degree which would have a significant effect on the environment.
- 4.2. There are no designated sites of European significance within the NA but there are within a 15km proximity, however, due to the nature of the policies, and that the NDP does not allocate sites for development, the effect of the plan on these sites is not considered to be significant. The NANDP also seeks to ensure that any new development is addressed sensitively in the context of evidence prepared in relation to natural, heritage and landscape assets thus incorporating environmental protection in general and at specific designated locations.
- 4.3. The assessment therefore concludes that the NANDP is unlikely to have a significant effect on the environment or on designated sites and therefore an HRA and SEA are not required.

4.4. Monitoring of the NDP Policies

4.5. Whilst Nether Alderley Parish Council is committed to the delivery of the objectives held within the NDP, there may be circumstances where development will not come forward entirely as anticipated. CEC, as part of it's monitoring of the Development Plan, including this NDP, monitor performance through a Monitoring Report produced annually. The NANDP will also be monitored through this process. Generally, the outcome of the monitoring process will inform whether specific intervention actions should be pursued in the NANDP. If these actions fail to address under performance, then other complementary plans and strategies should be reviewed.

5. Appendices

Appendix A: Responses from Statutory Consultees

Historic England



Neighbourhood Planning Team Cheshire East Council Direct Dial: 0161 242 1445

Our ref: PL00792329 20 February 2023

Dear Neighbourhood Planning Team

Nether Alderley Neighbourhood Development Plan SEA Screening Report (February 2023)

We write in response to your e-mail of 9 February 2023, seeking a formal screening opinion from Historic England on the need to prepare a SEA of Nether Alderley Neighbourhood Development Plan.

Historic England has produced a document that you might find helpful in providing guidance on the effective assessment of the historic environment in Strategic Environmental Assessments. This can be found at: https://www.historicengland.org.uk/images-books/publications/sustainability-appraisal-and-strategic-environmental-assessment-advice-note-8/

For the purposes of this consultation, Historic England will confine the advice given to the question, "Is it likely to have a significant effect on the environment?", in respect to our area of concern, cultural heritage.

In the context of the criteria set out in Schedule 1 of the Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004 [Annex II of SEA Directive], and on the basis of the information supplied, it is considered that the plan appears to propose no site allocations or policies that would have significant environmental effects upon the historic environment, and so Historic England concur with your conclusion that SEA is not required.

We would like to stress that this opinion is based on the information made available in the email dated 9 February 2023. To avoid any doubt, this decision does not preclude Historic England providing further advice on later stages of the SEA process, should this be required, nor objecting to specific proposals that may subsequently arise (either as a result of this consultation or in later versions of the plan/guidance), where we consider that these would have an adverse effect upon the historic environment. We note that the views of the other statutory consultation bodies should be taken into account before the overall decision on the need for SEA is made.

Historic England strongly advises that the conservation and archaeological staff of the



SUITES 3.3 AND 3.4 CANADA HOUSE 3 CHEPSTOW STREET MANCHESTER M1 5FW

Telephone 0161 242 1416

HistoricEngland.org.uk



Historic England is subject to both the Freedom of Information Act (2000) and Environmental Information Regulations (2004). Any Information held by the organisation can be requested for release under this legislation.

Cheshire East Council and the Cheshire Archaeology Planning Advisory Service are closely involved in updating the plan. They are best placed to advise on: local historic environment issues and priorities, including access to data held in the HER (formerly SMR); how the policies or proposals can be tailored to minimise potential adverse impacts on the historic environment; the nature and design of any required mitigation measures; and opportunities for securing wider benefits for the future conservation and management of historic assets.

Thank you for consulting Historic England. We request that you please send us a copy of the determination as required by Reg 11 of the Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004.

Environment Agency

Natural England

Date: 10 March 2023 Our ref: 422021

Your ref: Nether Alderley Neighbourhood Development Plan

Neighbourhood Planning Cheshire East Council

BY EMAIL ONLY

neighbourhoods@cheshireeast.gov.uk



Hornbeam House Crewe Business Park Electra Way Crewe Cheshire CW1 6GJ

T 0300 060 3900

Dear Sir/Madam

Nether Alderley Neighbourhood Development Plan

Thank you for your consultation on the above dated and received by Natural England on 09 February 2023.

Natural England is a non-departmental public body. Our statutory purpose is to ensure that the natural environment is conserved, enhanced, and managed for the benefit of present and future generations, thereby contributing to sustainable development.

Screening Request: Strategic Environmental Assessment

It is our advice, on the basis of the material supplied with the consultation, that, in so far as our strategic environmental interests (including but not limited to statutory designated sites, landscapes and protected species, geology and soils) are concerned, that there are unlikely to be significant environmental effects from the proposed plan.

Neighbourhood Plan

Guidance on the assessment of Neighbourhood Plans, in light of the Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004 (as amended), is contained within the <u>National Planning Practice Guidance</u>. The guidance highlights three triggers that may require the production of an SEA, for instance where:

- a neighbourhood plan allocates sites for development
- the neighbourhood area contains sensitive natural or heritage assets that may be affected by the proposals in the plan
- the neighbourhood plan may have significant environmental effects that have not already been considered and dealt with through a sustainability appraisal of the Local Plan.

We have checked our records and based on the information provided, we can confirm that in our view the proposals contained within the plan will not have significant effects on sensitive sites that Natural England has a statutory duty to protect.

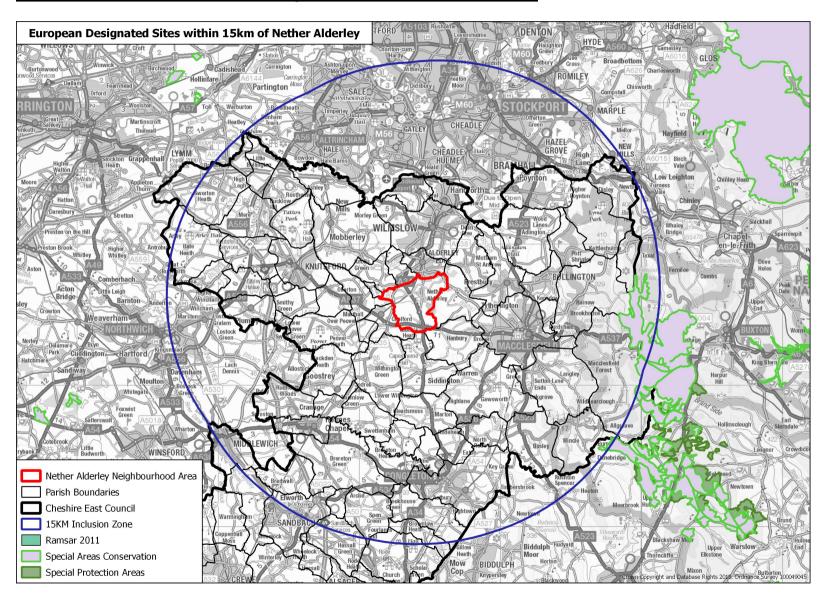
We are not aware of <u>significant</u> populations of protected species which are likely to be affected by the policies / proposals within the plan. It remains the case, however, that the responsible authority should provide information supporting this screening decision, sufficient to assess whether protected species are likely to be affected.

Notwithstanding this advice, Natural England does not routinely maintain locally specific data on all potential environmental assets. As a result the responsible authority should raise environmental issues that we have not identified on local or national biodiversity action plan species and/or habitats, local wildlife sites or local landscape character, with its own ecological and/or landscape advisers, local record centre, recording society or wildlife body on the local landscape and biodiversity receptors that may be affected by this plan, before determining whether an SA/SEA is necessary.

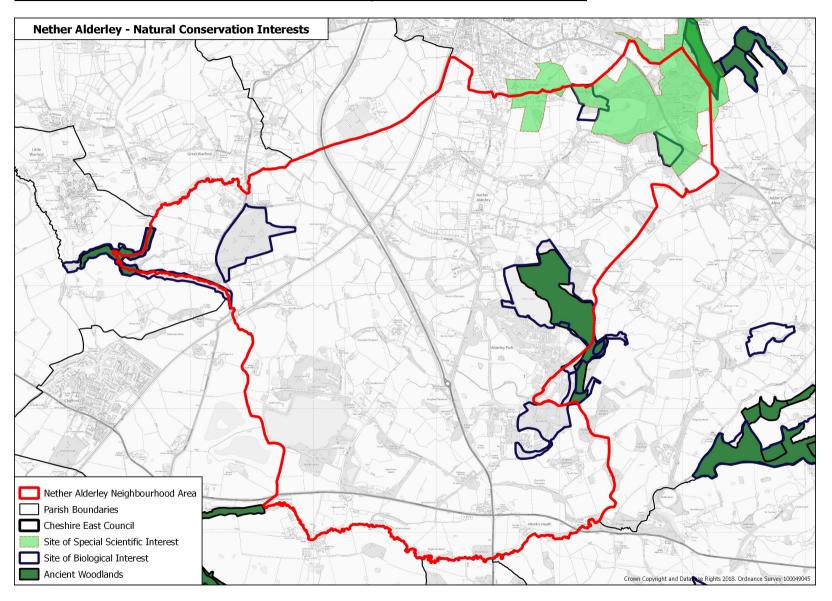
Please note that Natural England reserves the right to provide further comments on the environmental assessment of the plan beyond this SEA/SA screening stage, should the responsible authority seek our views on the scoping or environmental report stages. This includes any third party appeal against any screening decision you may make.

For any new consultations, or to provide further information on this consultation please send your correspondences to consultations@naturalengland.org.uk.

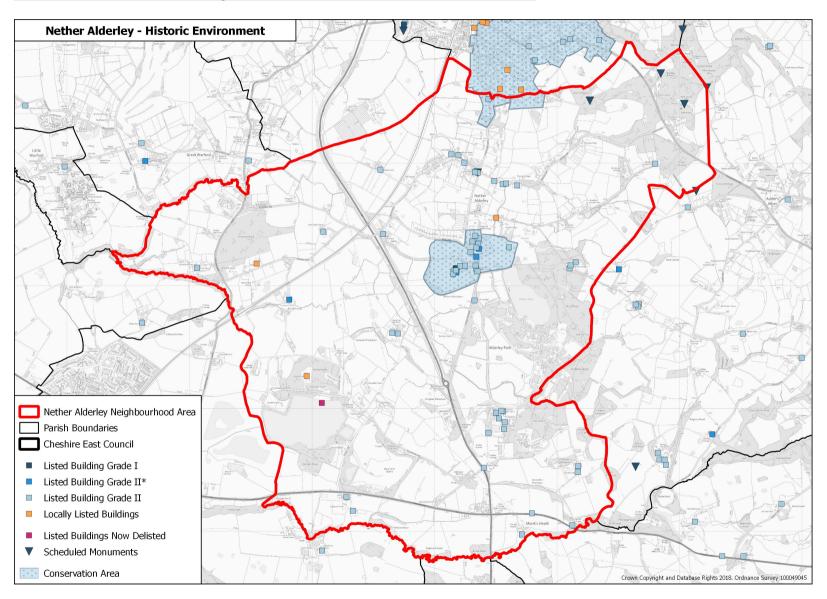
Appendix B: Location of European Designated Sites in Relation to the NDP



Appendix C: Location of Local Environmental Designations in Relation to the NDP



Appendix D: Location of Designated Historic Assets in Relation to the NDP



Appendix E: Location of Flood Risk Zones in Relation to the NDP

